# Estimating Player Skills in **Real-World** Communities using Variational Inference

Logan Blaine | MIT 6.435 | 5-5-2022



# Statistical modeling of paired comparison data

Let  $y \in \{0,1\}$  be the result of a *binary paired comparison* between two entities (i, j)

 $y = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } j \text{ is preferred over } i \\ 1 & \text{if } i \text{ is preferred over } j \end{cases}$ 

#### **Bradley-Terry Model (a.k.a. logistic regression)**

Assume each entity has a "merit"/"skill" parameter

$$\boldsymbol{\theta} = [\theta_1, \dots, \theta_N]^{\mathsf{T}} \in \mathbb{R}^N$$

Then the outcome *y* is distributed according to:

$$y | \theta_i, \theta_j \sim \text{Bernoulli} \left( \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\theta_i - \theta_j)}} \right)$$



NETFLIX



### **Applications**

Sports & Games Recommendations & Ads And more...



## Simulated data model with regional match disparity and skill disparity

#### Simulated Matches y: Stochastic Block Model

Simulated Skill Parameters  $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ 





2 clusters with 100 nodes each p(within-group connections) = 0.2p(between-group connections) = 0.01

### Microsoft TrueSkill Estimates $E[\boldsymbol{\theta} | \mathbf{y}]$

 $\theta_{red} \sim \mathcal{N}(-2,1)$  $\theta_{blue} \sim \mathcal{N}(2,1)$ 





## Hierarchical Bayesian model of regional skill disparity

#### **Regional Bradley-Terry (B-T)**

Each player *i* is assigned to a region  $r(i) \in \{1, ..., R\}$ , their prior skill is Normal with mean  $\mu_{r(i)}$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ 



Pyro Bradley-Terry

#### Pyro Regional B-T



	<b>Bradley-Terry</b>	<b>Regional B-T</b>
Train ELBO	0.622	0.604
Test ELBO	0.673	0.651



## Inference using regional model recalibrates rankings across states



